TO CHECK YOUR BLOOD PRESSURE

One in three US adults with high blood pressure (hypertension) doesn't know it.



- Most people with high blood pressure see their doctor regularly.
- Even so, high blood pressure often goes undiagnosed and untreated.
- The only way to know for sure is to get it checked.



- In the US, high blood pressure is now defined as 130/80 mmHg. The old rule was 140/90.
- The new guidelines help doctors catch problems earlier, so people can get the treatment they need.
- Both the top (systolic) and bottom (diastolic) numbers matter. Even if only one of them is above normal, you have high blood pressure.

Women have special risks.



- High blood pressure **during pregnancy** can cause serious problems.
- It can cause kidney or other organ damage for the mom, and an early birth or low birth weight for the baby.
- Birth control that has estrogen (*a hormone*) can also raise your blood pressure. Talk to your doctor if you have questions.

High blood pressure usually doesn't cause symptoms.



- Most people don't have any warning signs until their blood pressure is very high.
- Left untreated, high blood pressure can lead to serious, even deadly problems like a stroke or heart attack.
- That's why it's often called *the silent killer*.

Young people can have high blood pressure.



- It's **not** just a problem for older people.
- Nearly **1 in 4 US adults** ages **20 to 44** has high blood pressure.
- Being overweight raises the risk of high blood pressure at any age.

Your race or family history may raise your risk.



- Black men and women have higher rates of high blood pressure than any other ethnic group.
- Black people are also more likely to need hospital care for high blood pressure.
- No matter what race you are, having a family history of high blood pressure also raises your risk.



- Unhealthy habits like smoking, eating high-salt foods, ignoring stress, and sitting around all day — can make your blood pressure soar.
- Most people need meds to keep high blood pressure under control, but simple lifestyle changes can make a BIG difference.

BOTTOM LINE:







Get your blood pressure checked **often.** Even if you feel fine. Even if you're not old. Your doctor can check it for you, or many **pharmacies** and **stores** offer blood pressure checks for free. You can even do it **at home!** Know what your numbers mean and follow your doctor's advice.



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